SPOTTER SHEET





SHOREBIRDS

This guide identifies some of the birds that you might see on the coast around the Firth of Forth in the autumn. Use the circles provided to tally how many you've seen!

CURLEW Numenius arquata



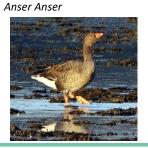
Curlews have mottled brown plumage and long downcurved bills which act like tweezers, helping them eat worms, insects, molluscs and crabs.

BAR-TAILED GODWIT



With a straighter bill than the Curlew, the Godwit enjoys sand and mudflats where it can probe for food. Look for the pinkish bill base with dark tip.

GREYLAG GOOSE



The largest and bulkiest of our native wild geese. It has mottled, barred grey and white plumage, an orange beak and pink legs.

LAPWING



A black cap extending into an impressive crest makes the Lapwing distinctive. It also has a short dark bill, white chest and pinkish short legs.

LITTLE EGRET Egretta garzetta



With the appearance of a white heron, the Little Egret has a long neck, black bill, black legs and yellow feet.

OYSTERCATCHER



An eye-catching orangered bill makes the Oystercatcher quite easy to spot. It has a stocky black and white body, pink legs and a red eye.

TURNSTONE



Smaller than a Redshank, the Turnstone has a dark mottled back and breast with a white underside. At home on rocks or sandy beaches.

REDSHANK Tringa totanus



A Redshank has a straight bill that is red at the base and black at the tip. Its lengthy red legs give it its name. Listen for its loud ringing calls.

If you have enjoyed using our resources, please consider making a donation to the Scottish Seabird Centre. To find out more about the charity or to donate online, visit our WEBSITE.



